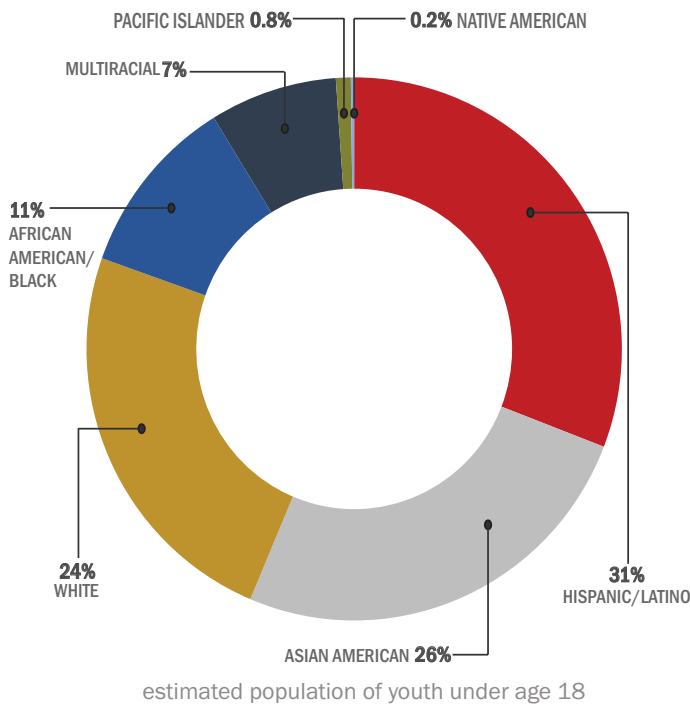




The youth and young adults of Alameda County reflect our culturally rich and diverse communities. However, some youth experience high levels of disconnection, violence, incarceration, and unemployment. Despite these challenges, the majority of our youth and young adults thrive.

DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE

Youth ages 10-24 made up } **19%** of the total population of Alameda County in 2015



55%

Percent of public school students who are **English Learners**

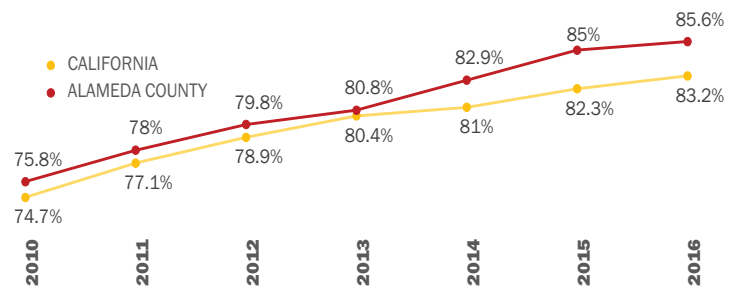
22%

Percent of Alameda County youth aged 0-17 living with at least one **parent who is Foreign-born.**

ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT

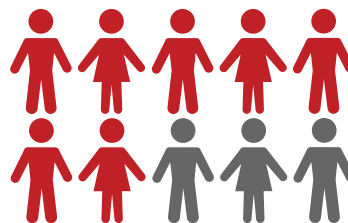
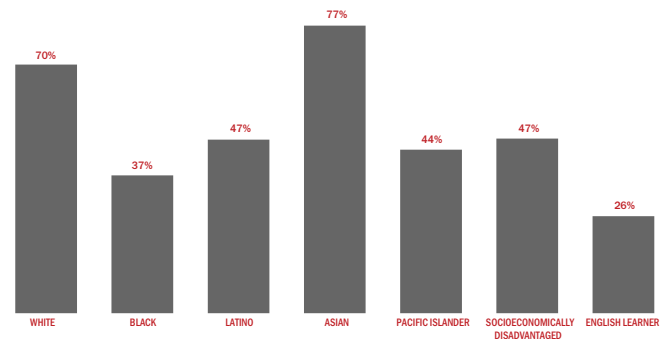
STUDENTS GRADUATING HIGH SCHOOL WITHIN 4 YEARS

The high school graduation rate for Alameda County has **increased by nearly 10%** in the last six years.



DESPITE GAINS, ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT GAPS PERSIST

High School Graduates Completing all Courses Required for U.C. and/or C.S.U. Entrance



7 in 10 Alameda County drop-outs are **Latino/Hispanic** or **African American**, despite comprising only 45% of the student population.

12%

12% OF ALAMEDA COUNTY YOUTH ARE DISCONNECTED

Over 22,000 16-24 year olds are out of school and out of work

HEALTH AND WELLBEING

17% OF YOUNG ADULTS (AGES 19-24) IN ALAMEDA COUNTY DO NOT HAVE HEALTH INSURANCE

56%

Percent of youth aged 10-17 who missed 11 or more days of school due to asthma in 2015.

32%

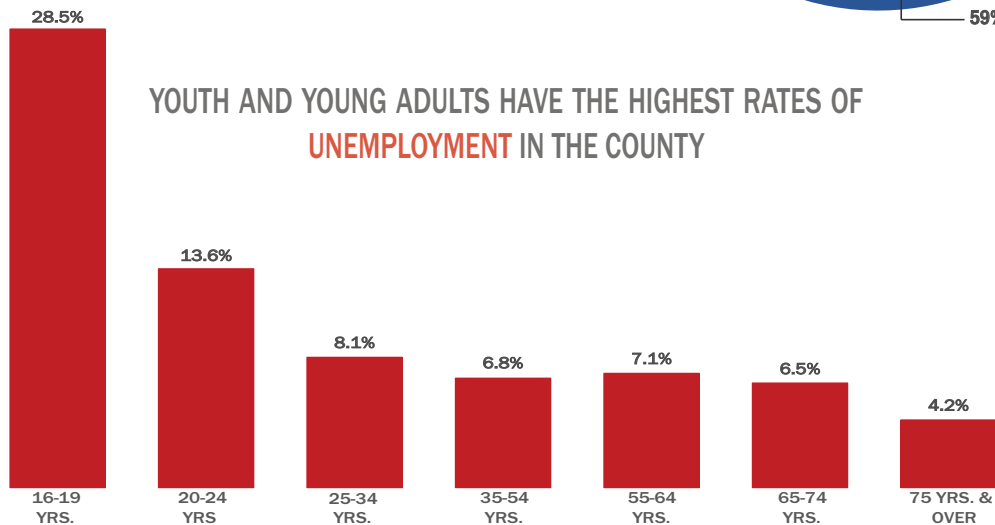
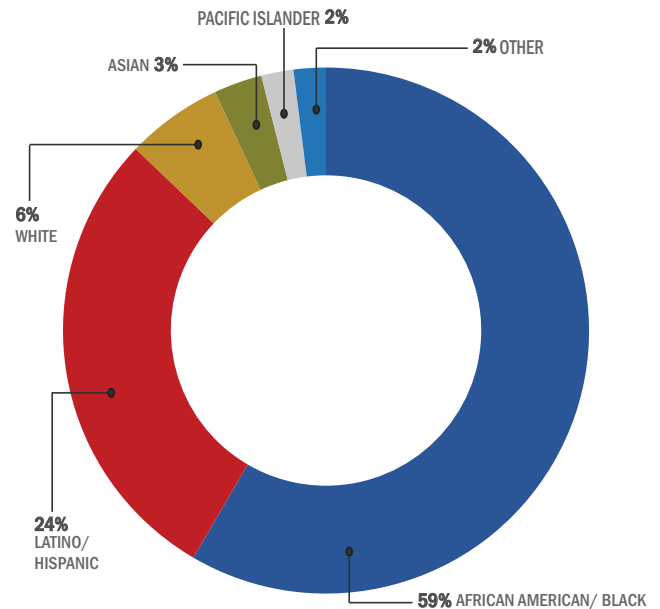
Percent of Alameda County youth aged 10-24 who do not have a usual source of care.

ACTS OF VIOLENCE ARE A LEADING CAUSE OF DEATH AND INJURY AMONGST YOUTH AGE 15-20

Homicide was the leading cause of death for youth ages 15-20, and assault accounted for 12% of injury hospitalizations in 2014.

JUVENILE PROBATION CASES

African Americans represented the largest percentage of juvenile probation cases in September 2016. African American and Latino youth make up nearly 80% of all cases in Alameda County.



ICPC: YOUTH AND YOUNG ADULTS The Interagency Children's Policy Council (ICPC) provides tools, guidance, and resources for policy practice that focuses on the well being of children, youth, and their families. ICPC's work is guided by the tenets of primary prevention, equity, and collective impact.

Sources: 1) U.S. Census Bureau, 2011-2015 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates 2-4) kidsdata.org 5-7) California Department of Education DataQuest, <http://dq.cde.ca.gov/dataquest/> 8) Measure of America, Youth Disconnection by County, <http://www.measureofamerica.org/DY2017/#County> 9-11) California Health Interview Survey, <http://ask.chis.ucla.edu> 12) California Dept. of Public Health, California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development, Patient Discharge Data, <http://epicenter.cdph.ca.gov> 13) Alameda County Probation Department 14) U.S. Census Bureau, 2011-2015 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates